

Types of Curriculum

Depending on the purpose of curriculum construction, the curricula can be of several types :

1. Subject-centred Curriculum : If the curriculum gives prominence to the teaching of different subjects and it is expected from teachers that they will attach importance to the teaching of subjects, then such a curriculum is called subject-centred curriculum.

2. Integrated Curriculum : If different subjects of the curriculum are integrated or correlated for teaching, it is called an integrated curriculum; in it, different subjects like language, social study, mathematics, science etc. are integrated together.

3. Core Curriculum : If the limits of a subject are broken down and students are taught only those facts which are essential for all, it is called a core curriculum.

4. Child-centred Curriculum : When a curriculum is constructed on the basis of students' needs, aims, interests, aptitudes and attitudes, it is called a child-centred curriculum.

5. Experimental Curriculum : Experimental or empirical curriculum is the one in which interests are given little importance, and teaching activities are given more importance, which students perform mentally and physically and draw principles.